

## NILASAILA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY SERGARH-756060, BALASORE (ODISHA) (Approved by AICTE& affiliated to SCTE&VT, Odisha)



## **LESSON PLAN**

## **SUBJECT: Th-3 (ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT & INSTRUMENTION)**

## **CHAPTER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PERIODS**

| Sl.No. | Name of the chapter as per the Syllabus            | No. of<br>Periods<br>as per the<br>Syllabus | No. of periods actually needed |
|--------|--|---|--------------------------------|
| 1      | MEASURING INSTRUMENTS                              | 5   | 5                              |
| 2      | ANALOG AMMETERS AND VOLTMETERS                     | 10  | 10                             |
| 3      | WATTMETERS AND MEASUREMENT OF POWER                | 8   | 8                              |
| 4      | ENERGYMETERS AND MEASUREMENT OF ENERGY             | 8   | 8                              |
| 5      | MEASUREMENT OF SPEED, FREQUENCY AND POWER FACTOR   | 7   | 7                              |
| 6      | MEASUREMENT OF RESISTANCE, INDUCTANCE& CAPACITANCE | 8   | 8                              |
| 7      | SENSORS AND TRANSDUCER                             | 9   | 9                              |
| 8      | OSCILLOSCOPE                                       | 5   | 5                              |
| 10     | Tutorial   | 15  | 15                             |
|        | TOTAL  | 75  | 75                             |

| Discipline:<br>EE | Semester:<br>4 <sup>th</sup> | Name of the Teaching Faculty: Er. BISWAJIT PARIDA                         |
|-------------------|------------------------------|---|
| Week              | Class Day                    | Theory / Practical Topics   |
|                   | 1 <sup>st</sup>              | 1. MEASURING INSTRUMENTS  |
|                   |                              | 1.1 Define Accuracy, precision, Errors, Resolutions Sensitivity and       |
|                   |                              | tolerance.  |
|                   | 2 <sup>nd</sup>              | 1.2 Classification of measuring instruments.                              |
|                   | - rd                         | 1.3 Explain Deflecting, controlling and damping arrangements in           |
| 1 <sup>st</sup>   | 3 <sup>rd</sup>              | 1.3 Explain Deflecting, controlling and damping arrangements in           |
|                   | 4 <sup>th</sup>              | indicating type of instruments.   |
|                   | 4                            | 1.3 Explain Deflecting, controlling and damping arrangements in           |
|                   |                              | indicating type of instruments.   |
|                   | 5 <sup>th</sup>              | 1.4 Calibration of instruments.   |
|                   | 1 <sup>st</sup>              | 2. ANALOG AMMETERS AND VOLTMETERS   |
|                   |                              | 2.1. Describe Construction, principle of operation, errors, ranges merits |
|                   |                              | and demerits of:  |
|                   | 2 <sup>nd</sup>              | 2.1.1 Moving iron type instruments.                                       |
| 2 <sup>nd</sup>   | 3 <sup>rd</sup>              | 2.1.2 Permanent Magnet Moving coil type instruments.                      |
|                   | 4 <sup>th</sup>              | 2.1.2 Permanent Magnet Moving coil type instruments.                      |
|                   | 5 <sup>th</sup>              | 2.1.3 Dynamometer type instruments  |
|                   | 1 <sup>st</sup>              | 2.1.3 Dynamometer type instruments  |
|                   | 2 <sup>nd</sup>              | 2.1.4 Rectifier type instruments  |
| - rd              | 3 <sup>rd</sup>              | 2.2 Extend the range of instruments by use of shunts and Multipliers.     |
| 3 <sup>rd</sup>   | 4 <sup>th</sup>              | 2.3 Solve Numerical   |
|                   | 5 <sup>th</sup>              | 3. WATTMETERS AND MEASUREMENT OF POWER                                    |
|                   |                              | 3.1 Describe Construction, principle of working of Dynamometer type       |
|                   |                              | wattmeter. (LPF and UPF type)   |
|                   | 1 <sup>st</sup>              | 3.1 Describe Construction, principle of working of Dynamometer type       |
|                   |                              | wattmeter. (LPF and UPF type)   |
|                   |                              |   |

|                 | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 3.2 The Errors in Dynamometer type wattmeter and methods of their correction.   |
|-----------------|-----------------|---|
| 4 <sup>th</sup> | 3rd             | 3.3 Discuss Induction type watt meters.   |
|                 | 4th             | 4. ENERGYMETERS AND MEASUREMENT OF ENERGY 4.1 Introduction .  |
|                 | 5th             | 4.2 Single Phase Induction type Energy meters – construction, working principle and their compensation & adjustments.                       |
| 5th             | 1st             | 4.2 Single Phase Induction type Energy meters – construction, working principle and their compensation & adjustments.                       |
|                 | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 4.3 Testing of Energy Meters.   |
|                 | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 5. MEASUREMENT OF SPEED, FREQUENCY AND POWER FACTOR 5.1 Tachometers, types and working principles   |
|                 | 4 <sup>th</sup> | 5.2 Principle of operation and construction of Mechanical and Electrical resonance Type frequency meters.                                   |
|                 | 5 <sup>th</sup> | 5.3 Principle of operation and working of Dynamometer type single phase and three phase power factor meters.                                |
|                 | 1 <sup>st</sup> | 6. MEASUREMENT OF RESISTANCE, INDUCTANCE& CAPACITANCE 6.1 Classification of resistance.   |
|                 | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 6.1.1 Measurement of low resistance by potentiometer method   |
| 6 <sup>th</sup> | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 6.1.2 .Measurement of medium resistance by wheat Stone bridge method.   |
|                 | 4 <sup>th</sup> | 6.1.3 Measurement of high resistance by loss of charge method.  |
|                 | 5 <sup>th</sup> | 6.1.3 Measurement of high resistance by loss of charge method.  |
|                 | 1 <sup>st</sup> | 6.2 Construction, principle of operations of Megger & Earth tester for insulation resistance and earth resistance measurement respectively. |
|                 | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 6.2 Construction, principle of operations of Megger & Earth tester for insulation resistance and earth resistance measurement respectively. |
| 7 <sup>th</sup> | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 6.3 Construction and principles of Multimeter. (Analog and Digital)   |

|                  | 4th             | 6.3 Construction and principles of Multimeter. (Analog and Digital)   |
|------------------|-----------------|---|
|                  | 5 <sup>th</sup> | 6.4 Measurement of inductance by Maxewell's Bridge method.  |
| 8 <sup>th</sup>  | 1 <sup>st</sup> | 6.4 Measurement of inductance by Maxewell's Bridge method.  |
|                  | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 6.5 Measurement of capacitance by Schering Bridge method  |
|                  | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 6.5 Measurement of capacitance by Schering Bridge method  |
|                  | 4 <sup>th</sup> | 6.5 Measurement of capacitance by Schering Bridge method  |
|                  | 5 <sup>th</sup> | Tutorial class  |
| 9 <sup>th</sup>  | 1 <sup>st</sup> | 7. SENSORS AND TRANSDUCER 7.1. Define Transducer, sensing element or detector element and transduction elements |
|                  | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 7.1. Define Transducer, sensing element or detector element and transduction elements                           |
|                  | 3rd             | 7.2. Classify transducer. Give examples of various class of transducer.   |
|                  | 4 <sup>th</sup> | 7.2. Classify transducer. Give examples of various class of transducer.   |
|                  | 5 <sup>th</sup> | 7.3. Resistive transducer   |
| 10 <sup>th</sup> | 1 <sup>st</sup> | 7.3. Resistive transducer   |
|                  | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 7.3.1 Linear and angular motion potentiometer.  |
|                  | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 7.3.1 Linear and angular motion potentiometer.  |
|                  | 4 <sup>th</sup> | 7.3.2 Thermistor and Resistance thermometers.   |
|                  | 5 <sup>th</sup> | 7.3.2 Thermistor and Resistance thermometers.   |
| 11 <sup>th</sup> | 1 <sup>st</sup> | 7.3.3 Wire Resistance Strain Gauges   |
|                  | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 7.3.3 Wire Resistance Strain Gauges   |
|                  | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 7.4. Inductive Transducer   |
|                  | 4 <sup>th</sup> | 7.4. Inductive Transducer   |

|                  | 5 <sup>th</sup> | Tutorial class   |
|------------------|-----------------|--|
| 12 <sup>th</sup> | 1 <sup>st</sup> | 7.4.1 Principle of linear variable differential Transformer (LVDT)                 |
|                  | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 7.4.1 Principle of linear variable differential Transformer (LVDT)                 |
|                  | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 7.4.1 Principle of linear variable differential Transformer (LVDT)                 |
|                  | 4 <sup>th</sup> | 7.4.2 Uses of LVDT.  |
|                  | 5 <sup>th</sup> | Tutorial class   |
|                  | 1 <sup>st</sup> | 7.5. Capacitive Transducer.  |
|                  | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 7.5. Capacitive Transducer.  |
| 13 <sup>th</sup> | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 7.5.1 General principle of capacitive transducer.                                  |
|                  | 4 <sup>th</sup> | 7.5.1 General principle of capacitive transducer.                                  |
|                  | 5 <sup>th</sup> | Tutorial class   |
|                  | 1 <sup>st</sup> | 7.5.2 Variable area capacitive transducer.   |
| 14 <sup>th</sup> | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 7.5.2 Variable area capacitive transducer.   |
|                  | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 7.5.3 Change in distance between plate capacitive transducer.                      |
|                  | 4 <sup>th</sup> | 7.5.3 Change in distance between plate capacitive transducer.                      |
|                  | 5 <sup>th</sup> | 7.6. Piezo electric Transducer and Hall Effect Transducer with their applications. |
| 15 <sup>th</sup> | 1 <sup>st</sup> | 7.6. Piezo electric Transducer and Hall Effect Transducer with their applications. |
|                  | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 8. OSCILLOSCOPE 8.1. Principle of operation of Cathode Ray Tube.                   |
|                  | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 8.2. Principle of operation of Oscilloscope (with help of block diagram).          |
|                  | 4 <sup>th</sup> | 8.3. Measurement of DC Voltage & current.  |
|                  | 5 <sup>th</sup> | 8.4. Measurement of AC Voltage, current, phase & frequency.                        |