

## NILASAILA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY SERGARH-756060, BALASORE (ODISHA)



## (Approved by AICTE& affiliated to SCTE&VT, Odisha)

## **LESSON PLAN**

## **SUBJECT: Th3. ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – II**

|        | CHAPTER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PERIODS    |                                    |                                |
|--------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Sl.No. | Name of the chapter as per the Syllabus | No. of Periods as per the Syllabus | No. of periods actually needed |
| 1      | Vector Algebra                          | 15                                 | 21                             |
| 2      | Limits and Continuity                   | 12                                 | 22                             |
| 3      | Derivatives                             | 21                                 | 18                             |
| 4      | Integration                             | 15                                 | 10                             |
| 5      | Differential Equation                   | 12                                 | 04                             |
|        | TOTAL                                   | 75                                 | 75                             |

| Discipline:<br>COMMONTO | Semester:<br>2nd | Name of the Teaching Faculty: Mr. SUBAS CHANDRA DASH  |  |
|-------------------------|------------------|---|--|
| ALL                     |                  | Session:2023-24 Examiantion-2024(S)   |  |
| Week                    | Class Day        | Theory / Practical Topics   |  |
|                         | 1 <sup>st</sup>  | 1) VECTOR ALGEBRA a) Introduction   |  |
|                         | 2 <sup>nd</sup>  | b) Types of vectors (null vector, parallel vector , collinear vectors) (in component form ) |  |
| 1ST                     | 3 <sup>rd</sup>  | b) Types of vectors (null vector, parallel vector , collinear vectors) (in component form ) |  |
|                         | 4 <sup>th</sup>  | c) Representation of vector   |  |
|                         | 5 <sup>th</sup>  | c) Representation of vector   |  |
|                         | 1 <sup>st</sup>  | d) Magnitude and direction of vectors   |  |
|                         | 2 <sup>nd</sup>  | d) Magnitude and direction of vectors   |  |
| 2ND                     | 3 <sup>rd</sup>  | e) Addition and subtraction of vectors  |  |
|                         | 4 <sup>th</sup>  | e) Addition and subtraction of vectors  |  |
|                         | 5 <sup>th</sup>  | f) Position vector  |  |
|                         | 1 <sup>st</sup>  | f) Position vector  |  |
|                         | 2 <sup>nd</sup>  | f) Position vector  |  |
| 3RD                     | 3 <sup>rd</sup>  | g) Scalar product of two vectors  |  |
|                         | 4 <sup>th</sup>  |   |  |
|                         |                  | g) Scalar product of two vectors  |  |
|                         | 5 <sup>th</sup>  | h) Geometrical meaning of dot product   |  |

| 4ТН | 1 <sup>st</sup> | h) Geometrical meaning of dot product  |
|-----|-----------------|--|
|     | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | i) Angle between two vectors   |
|     | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | j) Scalar and vector projection of two vectors                                 |
|     | 4 <sup>th</sup> | j) Scalar and vector projection of two vectors                                 |
|     | 5 <sup>th</sup> | k) Vector product and geometrical meaning (Area of triangle and parallelogram) |
|     | 1 <sup>st</sup> | k) Vector product and geometrical meaning (Area of triangle and parallelogram) |
| 5ТН | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | LIMITS AND CONTINUITY a) Definition of function, based on set theory           |
|     | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | LIMITS AND CONTINUITY a) Definition of function, based on set theory           |
|     | 4 <sup>th</sup> | b) Types of functions  |
|     | 5 <sup>th</sup> | b) Types of functions  |
|     | 1 <sup>st</sup> | i) Constant function   |
|     | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | i) Constant function   |
| 6ТН | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | i) Constant function   |
|     | 4 <sup>th</sup> | ii) Identity function  |
|     | 5 <sup>th</sup> | ii) Identity function  |

| 7ТН          | 1 <sup>st</sup>        | ii) Identity function   |
|--------------|------------------------|---|
|              | 2 <sup>nd</sup>        | iii) Absolute value function  |
|              | 3 <sup>rd</sup>        | iii) Absolute value function  |
|              | 4 <sup>th</sup>        | iii) Absolute value function  |
|              | 5 <sup>th</sup>        | iv)The Greatest integer function  |
| 8ТН          | 1 <sup>st</sup>        | iv)The Greatest integer function  |
|              | 2 <sup>nd</sup>        | v) Trigonometric function   |
|              | 3 <sup>rd</sup>        | vi) Exponential function  |
|              | 4 <sup>th</sup>        | vii) Logarithmic function   |
|              | 5 <sup>th</sup>        | c) Introduction of limit  |
| 9ТН          | 1 <sup>st</sup>        | d) Existence of limit   |
|              | 2 <sup>nd</sup>        | e) Methods of evaluation of limit   |
|              | 3 <sup>rd</sup>        | e) Definition of continuity of a function at a point and problems based on it |
|              | 4 <sup>th</sup>        | DERIVATIVES a) Derivative of a function at a point                            |
|              | 5 <sup>th</sup>        | DERIVATIVES a) Derivative of a function at a point                            |
| <b>10</b> TH | <b>1</b> <sup>st</sup> | b) Algebra of derivative  |
|              | 2 <sup>nd</sup>        | c) Derivative of standard functions   |
|              | 3 <sup>rd</sup>        | c) Derivative of standard functions   |
|              | 4 <sup>th</sup>        | d) Derivative of composite function (Chain Rule )                             |
|              | 5 <sup>th</sup>        | d) Derivative of composite function (Chain Rule )                             |

| 11TH | 1 <sup>st</sup> | e) Methods of differentiation of  |
|------|-----------------|---|
|      | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | i) Parametric function ii) Implicit function  |
|      | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | i) Parametric function ii) Implicit function  |
|      | 4 <sup>th</sup> | iii) Logarithmic function iv) a function with respect to another function   |
|      | 5 <sup>th</sup> | iii) Logarithmic function iv) a function with respect to another function   |
| 12TH | 1 <sup>st</sup> | iii) Logarithmic function iv) a function with respect to another function   |
|      | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | f) Applications of Derivative   |
|      | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | f) Applications of Derivative   |
|      | 4 <sup>th</sup> | i) Successive Differentiation (up to second order) ii) Partial Differentiation (function of two variables up to second order) |
|      | 5 <sup>th</sup> | i) Successive Differentiation (up to second order) ii) Partial Differentiation (function of two variables up to second order) |
| 13TH | 1 <sup>st</sup> | g) Problems based on above  |
|      | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | INTEGRATION a) Definition of integration as inverse of differentiation  |
|      | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | INTEGRATION a) Definition of integration as inverse of differentiation  |
|      | 4 <sup>th</sup> | b) Integrals of standard functions  |
|      | 5 <sup>th</sup> | c) Methods of integration i) Integration by substitution ii) Integration by parts   |
| 14   |                 |   |
|      |                 |   |
|      |                 |   |
|      |                 |   |
|      |                 |   |
|      | 1 <sup>st</sup> | c) Methods of integration i) Integration by substitution ii) Integration by parts   |

| 14TH          | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | d) Integration of the following forms                     |  |  |
|---------------|-----------------|---|--|--|
|               | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | e) Definite integral, properties of definite integrals    |  |  |
|               | 4 <sup>th</sup> | e) Definite integral, properties of definite integrals    |  |  |
|               | 5 <sup>th</sup> | f) Application of integration i) Area enclosed by a curve |  |  |
|               | 5               | and X – axis ii) Area of a circle with centre at origin   |  |  |
|               | 1 <sup>st</sup> | f) Application of integration i) Area enclosed by a curve |  |  |
|               |                 | and X – axis ii) Area of a circle with centre at origin   |  |  |
|               | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 5) DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION a) Order and degree of a         |  |  |
|               |                 | differential equation                                     |  |  |
| 15 <b>T</b> U | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 5) DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION a) Order and degree of a         |  |  |
| 15TH          |                 | differential equation                                     |  |  |
|               | 4 <sup>th</sup> | b) Solution of differential equation i) 1st order and 1st |  |  |
|               |                 | degree equation by the method of separation of variables  |  |  |
|               | 5 <sup>th</sup> | b) Solution of differential equation i) 1st order and 1st |  |  |
|               |                 | degree equation by the method of separation of variables  |  |  |